# 21 DAY CHALLENGE HAURAKI GULF MARINE PARK TĪKAPA MOANA



LESSON 12- MANTA RAYS / WHAI RAHI

# NZ CIRRICULUM LINKS:

Learning areas:	Achievement objectives:
Te Ao Māori Te reo (language), tikanga (customs and traditional values)	By learning te reo Māori, students are able to participate with understanding and confidence in situations where te reo and tikanga Māori predominate and to integrate language and cultural understandings into their lives; strengthen Aotearoa New Zealand's identity in the world.
English	Listening, Reading, Viewing
Science	Living things and how they interact with the environment.  Explain how living things are suited to their particular habitat and how they respond to environmental changes, both natural and human-induced.



#### Overview

Find out about the graceful ocean giants that sometimes visit Tikapa Moana.

#### Learning intention

Tamariki are learning about the importance of the Hauraki Gulf Marine Park / Tīkapa Moana to the creatures that live and visit there.

#### Success criteria

Children know what a manta ray is and can understand how big they can grow.

## LEARNING SEQUENCE

Based on the Inquiry model



Inspire

Provoke curiosity and wonder



**Explore/Educate** 

Gather information Use / apply learning



Activate

Reflect and act



#### Background information for teachers:

Mobula birostris – the largest ray species in the world, reaching up to 7m wide – are found in tropical, subtropical and temperate waters. Oceanic manta rays are typically observed in our waters in the summer months, from November to June. The Hauraki Gulf, Tīkapa Moana – Te Moananui–ā–Toi, is considered one of New Zealand's oceanic manta ray hotspots, with more manta rays having been spotted in the waters between Hauturu (Little Barrier), Aotea (Great Barrier), Hen and Chicken Islands, and the Mokohinau Islands, than anywhere else in New Zealand!

They have the biggest brains of any fish. They are also the only species of fish to have passed the mirror test, proposing that mantas are actually self-aware. The only other animals to pass this test are chimps, dolphins, and humans! Unlike their cousins the stingrays and eagle rays, manta rays must forever keep swimming forward to pass oxygen over their gills to breathe. They are perfectly suited to their open ocean lifestyle and fully spread their wings, by travelling long distances and diving to great depths.

Giant manta rays trap zooplankton on their distinctive filter plates and periodically swallow. These filter plates are attached to the arches of their gills. They often swim in repeated backward loops or 'somersaults' to remain in a dense patch of plankton.

Manta rays are classified as endangered globally by the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species.

DOC - manta ray info





#### Manta Ray facts from Auckland Whale and Dolphin safari

Top 10 Facts You Didn't Know About Oceanic Manta Rays







# **LESSON PLAN**

#### Manta Rays / Whai rahi

Teachers are encouraged to choose and adjust activities to suit the learning needs and interests of their tamariki.



Watch this video of Riley's amazing ray adventure
 Video is 4:52 minutes

Riley's amazing ray adventure
Join Riley and propriete a lauge manuta ray, the three in the propriete and propri





• Watch this video of a manta ray in the Hauraki Gulf Video is 24 seconds





Measure out the size of a manta ray - they can grow up to 7m wide!
 Compare this to the size of eagle rays (up to 2m long).





### **Educate**

Allow approximately 30 mins

• Watch this video about manta rays to learn some facts. Extension - make a quiz for your classmates using facts from the video.

Video is 2:03 minutes



- Identify manta rays. Each ray has a unique spot pattern on their belly. Look at this identification chart of mantas, and then see if you can name each of the rays on this worksheet.
- **Research** <u>Elasmobranchs</u> Manta rays belong to a family called elasmobranchs. What other creatures are in this family? Here is some

information about Elasmobranchs.



 Learn more from Manta watch NZ they are doing amazing research in our local waters! If you ever see a Manta Ray in Aotearoa, this is where you submit a sighting!!!







• Go outside and pick up at least 1 piece of plastic or other rubbish -

make a difference in YOUR community. Log your rubbish data on the

21 day challenge graph.

Each daily entry goes into the draw to win amazing prizes for your class and school



• <u>Learn to draw a manta ray with Young Ocean Explorers.</u> Write some facts about manta rays around your picture.

Video is 11:55 minutes





# EXTRA LEARNING IDEAS AND RESOURCES

Manta ray anatomy poster



- Read this article about a Manta Ray that washed up on a beach in
   Northland a few years ago. Scientists were able to study it to find out more
   about manta rays.
- Watch this video of Steve talking about some manta rays he saw in the Hauraki Gulf.

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Video is 5:03 minutes

- Threats to manta rays poster from WCS
- Origami make this origami manta ray.

#### Find out more:

There are many other lesson ideas from Young Ocean Explorers – choose another one. Young Ocean Explorers You can find out about some of the amazing creatures that live in or visit the Hauraki Gulf. There are also lessons on some of the amazing places in Tikapa Moana. Or you could explore ideas of how people are connected to the moana / ocean.